



**NC Department of Health and Human Services** 

### Office of Rural Health

### **Community Paramedicine**

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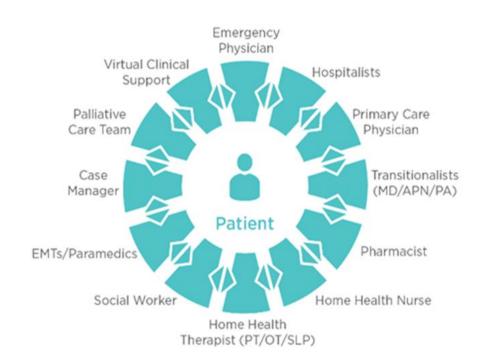
- What are biggest opportunities with hospital utilization?
  - Avoidable ED use (i.e. more appropriate for PCP, Urgent Care, etc.)
  - Avoidable admissions and readmissions (specifically readmission DRG penalties)
  - Higher than average length of stay
- Limited access to primary care and specialty care?
  - PCP Offices (timeliness of appointments, transportation)
  - Home Health (payor source limitations)
- Patient population payor source?
  - Medicare, Medicaid, Commercial, Self-Pay, VA, Charity Care
    - Bad debt
    - Low reimbursement
    - Penalties

#### Why Community Paramedicine?

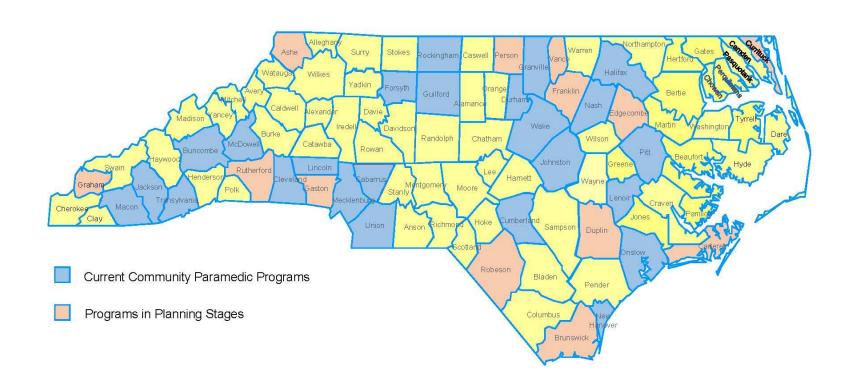
- Collaborative, consistent care coordination
- Interdisciplinary
- Rapport in field setting
- High acuity clinical interventions

#### Objectives include:

- Point of Care testing
- Lab Draw/Drop Off
- Navigation BACK TO PCP as medical home
- Medication Inventory Reconciliation (with Pharmacist or PCP)
- Social Needs Assessment
- Driving towards self-management
- Patient disease education
- Health literacy management



# **Community Paramedic Programs in NC**



#### **Current North Carolina Programs**

Atrium Health- Transition Clinic and Readmission Reduction

• Mission Health - ACO Care Management

Cape Fear Valley - ACO Care Management & Readmission Reduction

• UNC Wayne - CHF Readmission Reduction

Lenoir County - COMPASS Program

McDowell County - Reduction of ED utilizers, Post Overdose Response Team

Robyn pause for: Summarize (if needed)

**Questions** 

Nick transition to planning and implementation (ORH working with 2 EMS/countyies, RHC, FQHC)

### **NC ORH Community Paramedicine Pilots**

- Clay county EMS
  - RFA/Paramedicine contractor (1-2 months)
  - Stakeholder meetings (3-6 months)
  - Planning/needs assessment (1-3 months)
  - Training (1 month)
  - Implementation/Assessment (TBD)
  - Final report (12 months)
- Graham County EMS
  - EMS/ORH collaboration (6 months)
  - Training (1 month)
  - Stakeholder meeting (2 months)
  - Implementation/roll out (TBD)

### **CP Educational needs**

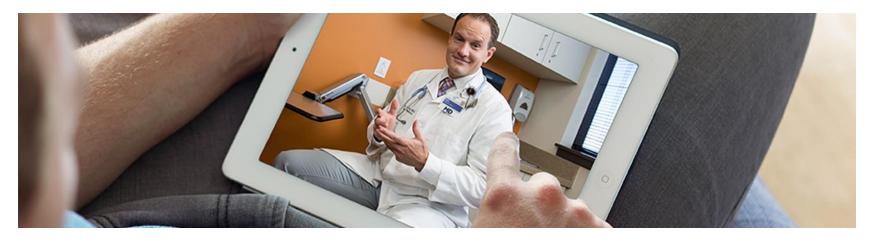
- Total: 308 hours of didactic and clinical training
  - 64 hours of classroom
  - 48 hours of online modules
  - 196+ hours of clinical training
    - Hospice Rotation
    - Cardiology Rotation
    - Cardiovascular Rotation
    - Behavioral Health Rotation
    - Internal Medicine / PCP Rotation
    - Pharmacy Rotation
    - Nutrition Education
    - Community Clinic Rotation
    - Case Management / Social Work Rotation

# **Community Paramedic Home Visit**

- Review
  - Medical History
  - Medications
  - Discharge Instructions
- Identify Barriers to Care
  - Correct or Refer
- Physical Assessment
- Home Safety Inspection
- Patient Education
- Labs-Point of Care Testing
- PRN Interventions
  - · IV Medications (Lasix, Steroids, Fluid administration, etc.)
  - Nebulized Medications
  - Blood Draws
  - Cardiac Monitoring/ 12 Lead EKG Analysis

### **The Virtual Visit**

- Improves patient access to healthcare
  - Primary Care
  - Specialty Care
  - Decrease ED Utilization
- Reduces patient exposure
- Patient Provider can see patients living conditions



# Challenges

- Fear of unknown
- Changing EMS role, focus and skills
- Training/education
- Stakeholder agreement
- Equipment/transportation
- Hospital collaboration
- Funding/sustainability

#### **Benefits of Paramedicine**

- Increased referrals for RHC
- Home health referrals
- Shared savings ACO
- Hospital 30 day readmit reduction
- Improved outcomes and patient satisfaction
- Community engagement/education





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https://www.ncdhhs.gov/divisions/orh

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